

Class-9
English

Lesson - 1

Q.1. When the rain falls on the roof the sky is

- a. Covered with dark clouds
- b. Covered with empty clouds
- c. Both a and B
- d. Neither A nor B

Ans. A

Q.2. What is a phrase ?

- a. A group of words having no subject and predicate working as a unit
- b. A group of words having subject and predicate of its own depending the other part of a sentence to make its meaning clear
- c. A group of words having subject and predicate and makes its meaning clear
- d. None of the above

Ans. A

Q.3. The poet feels a bliss when he presses

.....

- a. A bed
- b. A quilt
- c. Shingles
- d. A pillow

Ans. D

Q.4. What causes an echo in the poet's heart ?

- a. The rate of shingles
- b. The starry sphere
- c. Every tinkle on the shingles
- d. Both A and B

Ans.C

Q.5. Who weeps gently in rainy tears ?

- a. The humid shadows
- b. The melancholy darkness
- c. The poet
- d. The poet's mother

Ans.

Q.6. The memories ofcomes in the poet's mind.

- a. His great grand mother
- b. His grand mother
- c. His mum
- d. His father

Ans. C

Q.7. When the sky is covered with dark clouds it

- a. Rains into the roof
- b. Rains above the roof
- c. Rains on the roof
- d. Rains beside the roof

Ans. C

Q.8. Pressing the pillow the poet feels

- a. Sad
- b. Wonder
- c. Both a and b
- d. Joy

Ans. D

Q.9. All that I am or ever hope to be , I owe to my angel mother has been quoted by

- a. Abraham Lincoln
- b. Correeten Boom
- c. Coat Kinnery
- d. JawaharLal Nehru

Ans. A

Lesson - 2

Q.1. Which one of the following is not the synonyms of the word longing .

- a. Desire
- b. Wish
- c. Will wool

Ans. C

Q.2. Health is the greatest gift contentment is the greatest wealth , faithfulness is the best relationship

- a. Gautama Budha
- b. Jawaharlal Nehru
- c. AbrahmaLincon
- d. William Butler yeats

Ans. A

Q.3. Where was the poet's childhood spent ?

- a. In London
- b. In Paris
- c. In India
- d. In Innisfree

Ans.

**Q.4. A pair of shoes A herd of cattle / deer
A bunch of grapes / keys / crooks**

A Swarm of honeybee.

Q.5. Who will live with the poet at Innisfree ?

- a. His mother
- b. His father
- c. Both a and b
- d. All alone

Ans. D

Q.6. Pattering of rain Chattering of teeth
Thinkling of bells / shingles
----?---- of bees .

Ans. Humming

Q.7. What will the poet not do in Inssisfree ?

- a. Build a small cabing
- b. Build a palace
- c. Build a hive for honeybee
- d. Plant nine bean

Ans. B

Q.8. The poet longs for theof innisfree.

- a. Peace
- b. Transquillity
- c. Both a and B
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.9. What beautiful sight will the poet get to see

- a. The glimmer of midnight strs
- b. The purple glow of midnight
- c. The linnets flying about in the evening.
- d. All of the above

Ans. D

Q.10. When does the poet hear the sound of the lake wate lapping against the shor of Innisfree ?

- a. During the night
- b. During the day
- c. Neither A nor B
- d. Both a and b

Ans.

Q.11.What do you mean by glade ?

- a. Open space
- b. Twisted stickes
- c. Twinkling
- d. Veils

Ans. A

Q.12. What is the evening full of ?

- a. A purple glow
- b. A glimmer
- c. The linnet's wings
- d. All of the above

Ans. D

Lesson - 3

Q.1. The poem which conveys a message don't be greedy is

- a. The Road not taken
- b. Rain on the roof
- c. A legend of the northland
- d. The lake Isle of Innisfree

Ans. C

Q.2. The bird that keeps pecking at the tree trunks to find insects is called

- a. Woodcutter
- b. Wood block
- c. Wood Chip
- d. Wood pecker

Ans. D

Q.3. Which of the following has same meaning as story ?

- a. Tall
- b. Tell
- c. Told
- d. Tale

Ans. D

Q.4. The children in funny clothes look like ...

- a. Bear's cub
- b. Tiger's cub
- c. Wolf's cub
- d. Fox's cub

Ans. A

Q.5. The cart which the people of Northland fasten to the reindeer is called

- a. Ledge
- b. Sledge
- c. Edge
- d. Grudge

Ans. B

Q.6. Which one of the following is the antonym of the word curious

- a. Eager
- b. Strange
- c. Unusual
- d. Usual

Ans. A

Q.7. Where did Good saint peter lived once ?

- a. In the Heaven
- b. In the hell
- c. In the world below
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.8. For what Saint peter walked about ?

- a. Begging
- b. Preaching
- c. Giving sermons
- d. Both B and c

Ans. D

Q.9. When Saint peter came to the door of a cottage who was making cake ?

- a. Women
- b. A woman of India
- c. A woman of New Zealand
- d. None of the above

Ans. C

Q.10. Which word of the following has the same meaning as fireplace ?

- a. Curious
- b. Baking
- c. Cakes
- d. Hearth

Ans. D

Q.11. What do you mean by fasting

- a. Eating no food
- b. Running fast
- c. Eating much food
- d. Faster

Ans. A

Q.12. What kind of the cake did the woman make ?

- a. A little
- b. The little
- c. A very little
- d. A very big

Ans. C

Q.13. The cake was too large to give away

- a. It was so big that she could not give him
- b. It was so large that she could give him
- c. Both A and B
- d. None of these

Ans A

Q.14. What did the woman do with the flour when she wanted to make cake ?

- a. Knitted
- b. Knelt
- c. Kneaded
- d. None

Ans. C

Q.15. Find out the synonyms of dough

- a. Flour
- b. Floor
- c. Flower
- d. None

Ans. A

Q.16. You are far to selfish to dwell is a human form ?

- a. You are worthy of being a human.
- b. You are worthy of being a reindeer
- c. You are not worth of being a reindeer
- d. You are not worthy of being a human

Ans. D

Q.17. What was the result of the woman's greed ?

- a. She became a chimney
- b. She became a wood pecker
- c. Both a and b
- d. Neither a nor b

Ans. B

Q.18. From where she went after changing to a bird ?

- a. Through the chimney
- b. Through the water
- c. Through the street
- d. Through the market

Ans. A

Q.19. How could the woman get food after changing to a bird

- a. By making large cake
- b. By making small cake
- c. By begging
- d. By boring

Ans. D

Q.20. What happened to her cap ?

- a. It turned green
- b. It flew away from her head
- c. It turned purple
- d. The was left the same .

Ans. D

Q.21. What happened to the rest of the woman's clothes

- a. They burned yellow as gold
- b. They burned white as silver
- c. They burned black as a coal
- d. They were left the same

Ans. C

Lesson - 4

Q.1. What message does this poem convey ?

- a. Unity
- b. Harmony
- c. War
- d. Both a and B

Ans. D

Q.2. The poet says that

- a. Every man is strange
- b. Each country is foreign
- c. Both a and b
- d. None of the above

Ans. D

Q.3. We have a common

- a. Head
- b. Soul
- c. Field
- d. Blackboard

Ans. B

Q.4. Beneath all uniforms a single body breathes means

- a. Skin may be of different colour but soul is the same.
- b. Skin may be of same colour but our soul is different
- c. Out skin and soul may be the same
- d. None of above

Ans. A

Q.5. Why are we all the same ?

- a. Because we have same body
- b. Because we have same colour
- c. Because we different colour
- d. Because we are all human.

Ans. D

Q.6. We areof sun , air and water.

- a. Proud
- b. Beware
- c. Aware
- d. Ashamed

Ans. C

Q.7. Who is the poet of the poem 'No Man Are foreign ?

- a. James walk
- b. William Shakespeare
- c. John keats
- d. James kirkup

Ans. D

Q.8. We may belong to a different

- a. A village
- b. Country
- c. Word
- d. City

Ans. B

Q.9. We maydifferent language .

- a. Understand
- b. Listen
- c. Speak
- d. Write

Ans. D

Q.10. How can we win the strength ?

- a. By love
- b. With hatred
- c. Competition
- d. All of these

Ans. A

Q.11. If we hate our brothers it is ourselves that we shall ..

- a. Dispossess
- b. Condemn
- c. Betray
- d. All of these

Ans. d

Q.12. Make noun of the verb criticize

- a. Criticism
- b. Criticises
- c. Criticised
- d. Criticizing

Ans. A

Q.13. Change the voice we are told to hate our brother ?

- a. We are being told to hate our brothers by some one.
- b. We are told to hate our brothers by someone
- c. Someone tell us to hate our brothers
- d. None of the above

Ans. C

Q.14. Poet says that people are polluting the earth by their deeds which word of the following has the same meaning as the underline .

- a. Starning
- b. Defiling
- c. Arming
- d. Lying

Ans. B

Q.15. What should we not do to our brothers ?

- a. Love
- b. Criticize
- c. Hate
- d. Affection

Ans. C

Q.16. In the end where shall we lie ?

- a. In the earth
- b. Air
- c. Sun
- d. Water

Ans. A

Q.17. People are aware of

- a. Sun
- b. Air
- c. Water
- d. All of these

Ans. D

Lesson - 5

Q.1. What type of a poem is 'the Duck and The Kangaroo' ?

- a. Lyric
- b. Ballad
- c. Humorous
- d. None

Ans. C

Q.2. The Kangaroo jumped over the ...

- a. Field
- b. Water
- c. Neither A nor B
- d. Both a and B

Ans. D

Q.3. What type of a life does the duck lead in a nasty pond ?

- a. Happy
- b. Bore
- c. Dull
- d. Both B and C

Ans. D

Q.4. Where does the duck long to go ?

- a. The world beyond
- b. The country beyond
- c. The field beyond
- d. None of the above

Ans. A

Q.5. What like does the duck wish to hop ?

- a. Like some other duck
- b. Like a Kangaroo
- c. Both A and B
- d. Neither A nor B

Ans. B

Q.6. Please give a ride on your back who says this to whom ?

- a. The duck to the kangaroo
- b. The kangaroo to the duck
- c. The duck to the poet
- d. The poet to the kangaroo

Ans. A

Q.7. Duck would sit still means that he will ...

- a. Make some movement
- b. Make no movement
- c. Stand again
- d. None of the above

Ans. B

Q.8. What only word will the duck say ?

- a. Roomatiz
- b. Quick
- c. Quack
- d. None

Ans. C

Q.9. What might the Duck's request bring for the kangaroo ?

- a. Four pairs of socks
- b. A cloak

- c. Both a and b
- d. Luck

Ans. B

Q.10. The duck bought four pairs ofsocks.

- a. Woollen
- b. Wool
- c. Worst
- d. None

Ans. A

Q.11. Goose – Geese

Tooth – teeth Foot – feet Book - ?

Ans. Books

Q.12. How were the duck's feet ?

- a. Pleasantly wet
- b. Unexpected wet
- c. Unpleasantly wet
- d. None

Ans. C

Q.13. To keep the cold the duck has bought a cloak. Here the meaning of the underlined word is

- a. Clock
- b. Watch
- c. Both A and B
- d. Overcoat

Ans. D

Q.14. The duck ...smoke a cigar every day .

- a. Used
- b. Will
- c. Would
- d. Shall

Ans. C

Q.15. The Kangaroo got ready in the

- a. Moon light
- b. Sunlight
- c. Daylight
- d. All of the

Ans. A

Q.16. Where did the Kangaroo ask The Duck to sit steady and quite ?

- a. At the end of the tail
- b. Tale
- c. Tell
- d. None of these

Ans. A

Q.17. With What they went away ?

- a. With a hope and a bound
- b. With a hop
- c. With a bound
- d. With a hop and a bound

Ans. D

Q.18. How many times they hopped the whole world ?

- a. Four
- b. Three
- c. One
- d. Two

Ans. B

Lesson -6

Q.1. Who is the poet of the poem ' On Killing A tree ?

- a. Edward Lear b. Gieve Patel
c. Willaim Wordsworth d. James Kirkup

Ans. B

Q.2. You must have observed people cutting down trees what do you mean by the word underlined ?

- a. See b. Watch
c. Neither a not b d. Both a and B

Ans. C

Q.3. Can we kill a tree with a simple jab of knife ?

- a. No b. Yes
c. Some times d. None of these

Ans. A

Q.4. The tree absorbs years of

- a. Sunlight b. Air
c. Water d. All of these

Ans. D

Q.5. In the poem a tree is a symbol of

- a. Only a tree b. Tree with leaves
c. A deep rooted evil d. None of the above

Ans. C

Q.6. A tree conservesto you ?

- a. Grain b. Earth
c. Sky d. Universe

Ans. B

Q.7. The word miniature means

- a. A small b. Tiny
c. Neither A not B d. Both A and B

Ans. D

Q.8. We can kill a tree entirely by

- a. By jabbing of the knife only
b. By hacking and chopping only
c. By pulling out its root from the earth completely
d. None of the above

Ans. C

Q.9. What do you understand by snapped out ?

- a. Pulled out b. Chopped out

- c. Both a and B d. Neither A nor B
Ans. B

Q.10. Where does the strength of a tree lie ?

- a. In its trunk b. In its roots
c. In its leaves d. None

Ans. B

Q.11. When the roots of a tree are pulled out entirely it

- a. Scorches
b. Chokes in sun and air
c. Withers d. All of above

Ans. D

Q.12. What stages does a tree pass through after pulling it out entirely ?

- a. Browning b. Hardening
c. Twisting d. All of these

Ans. D

Q.13. What is scorching done by ?

- a. The water b. The earth
c. The heat of the sun d. The rain

Ans. C

Q.14. A tree chokes when it gets no ...

- a. Air b. Water
c. Sunlight d. All of these

Ans. A

Q.15. Tree remains hidden in for years .

- a. The air b. The earth
c. The water d. None of these

Ans. B

Lesson -7

Q.1. Most ofthink of snakes as fearsome symbols of death

- a. Us
- b. We
- c. Ours
- d. Our

Ans. A

Q.2. Who is trying to escape from pursuing stick ?

- a. The poet
- b. Children
- c. The snake
- d. People

Ans. C

Q.3. What is the snake trying to escape from ?

- a. The baby
- b. Pursuing stick
- c. Children
- d. None

Ans. B

Q.4. What is beautiful and graceful ?

- a. The snake's teeth
- b. The snake's shapes
- c. Both a and b
- d. Neither a nor b

Ans. B

Q.5. His shapes are

- a. Beautiful
- b. Graceful
- c. Both a and b
- d. Neither a nor b

Ans. C

Q.6. What does the snake glide through ?

- a. Ice
- b. Field
- c. Mud
- d. Water

Ans. D

Q.7. Where does the snake hide itself ?

- a. Into the water
- b. Into the reeds
- c. In a hole
- d. None of the above

Ans. B

Q.8. According to the poet the snake is harmful to

- a. Man
- b. Women
- c. Children
- d. None of the above

Ans. D

Q.9. The snake lay onuntil observed.

- a. The sand
- b. The water
- c. Reeds
- d. None

Ans. A

Q.10. Where does the snake vanish ?

- a. In the water
- b. In the house
- c. In the city
- d. In the reeds

Ans. D

Q.11. The poet wishes for the snake to hide

-
- a. Without hurt
- b. With hurt
- c. Neither a nor b
- d. Both a and B

Ans. A

Q.12. The poet chased the snake with a

- a. A gun
- b. Stick
- c. Rope
- d. Bomb

Ans. B

Lesson -8

Q.1. Who is the poet of the poem A Slumber Did My Spirit seal ?

- a. William Shakespeare
- b. William Wordsworth
- c. W.W.E Ross
- d. William Butler yeats

Ans. B

Q.2. The poem is about the death of a ...

- a. Loved one
- b. Hated one
- c. Friend
- d. The poet's daughter

Ans. A

Q.3. What did the poet's spirit seal ?

- a. Luck's birth
- b. Luck's marriage
- c. The deep sleep of Lucy
- d. None

Ans. C

Q.4. Who is 'I' in the poem ?

- a. Lucy
- b. Poet's daughter
- c. Poet's another
- d. Poet himself

Ans. D

Q.5. Who is 'She' in this poem ?

- a. An imaginary child named lucy
- b. Poet's mother
- c. Poet's daughter
- d. None of the above

Ans. A

Q.6. What kind of fear doesn't the poet have

- a. Fear of ghosts
- b. Human fear
- c. Both a and b
- d. Neither a and B

Ans. B

Q.7. Now Lucy has no.....

- a. Motion
- b. Force
- c. Both a and b
- d. Neither A nor B

Ans. C

Q.8. Now Lucy can't

- a. Hear
- b. See
- c. Neither a nor b
- d. Both a and b

Ans. D

Q.9. Does Lucy now roll round in the earth's diurnal course ?

- a. Yes
- b. No
- c. Probably no
- d. Probably yes

Ans. A

Q.10. Lucy has become a part of

- a. Materialistic world
- b. Earth
- c. Nature
- d. None of the above

Ans. C

Q.11. Now Lucy move with

- a. Rocks
- b. Stones
- c. Trees
- d. All of the above

Ans. D

Q.12. Lucy moves withearth.

- a. A
- b. An
- c. The
- d. No article

Ans. C

Q.13. Lucy can't feel the touch ofyears

- a. Earth
- b. Earthen
- c. Earthly
- d. Earths

Ans. C

Lesson -1 The Fun They Had.

Q.1. What did Margie write about in her diary ?

- a. A real school
- b. A real teacher
- c. A real book
- d. A mechanical teacher

Ans. A

Q.2. Where did Tommy find the book ?

- a. In the attic
- b. In the school
- c. In a shop
- d. In a library

Ans. A

Q.3. Who was a round little man?

- a. The county inspector
- b. The mechanical teacher
- c. The real teacher
- d. Tommy

Ans. A

Q.4. What is the name of Margie's mother ?

- a. Mrs. Peterson
- b. Mrs. Jones
- c. Mrs. James
- d. Mrs. Frank

Ans. B

Q.5. What did Margie hate ?

- a. Books
- b. Games
- c. School
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.6. I quickly forgot about it. The underlined word quickly is used as

- a. Adverb
- b. Noun
- c. Pronoun
- d. Adjective

Ans. A

Q.7. They turned the pages , which were yellow and crinkly who does they refer to

- a. Pommy and Tommy
- b. Margie and Tommy
- c. County inspector and Tommy
- d. Mrs. Jones and Margie

Ans. B

Q.8. How old was Tommy

- a. Eleven years
- b. Ten years
- c. Thirteen years
- d. Twelve years

Ans. C

Q.9. What do you mean by a mechanical teacher ?

- a. Television
- b. Both a and b
- c. A real teacher
- d. None of these

Ans. D

Q.10. On which date did Margie make an entry in her diary about school ?

- a. 21 April 2156
- b. 12 September 2157
- c. 17 May 2157
- d. 17 May 2158

Ans. C

Q.11. What subject did Tommy learn ?

- a. English
- b. Math
- c. History
- d. Hindi

Ans. C

Q.12. Name the writer of the lesson 'The Fun They Had.'

- a. Walt Whitman
- b. Issac Asimov
- c. Robertson
- d. Kathesine Mansfield

Ans. B

Q.13. Where was Margie's school situated ?

- a. In the school room
- b. Next to her bedroom
- c. Both a and b
- d. None of these

Ans. B

Lesson-2 The Sound of Music

Q.1. Evelyn was agirl.

- a. Scottish
- b. American
- c. British
- d. Russian

Ans. A

Q.2. Who was Ron Forbes ?

- a. Evelyn's father
- b. A doctor
- c. Evelyn's friend
- d. Music teacher of her school

Ans. D

Q.3. What was wrong with Evelyn ?

- a. Blind
- b. Deaf
- c. Lame
- d. Mentally weak

Ans. B

Q.4. What did Ron forbes ask Evelyn to hear the music with ?

- a. Ear
- b. Whole body
- c. Hearing aids
- d. Eyes

Ans. B

Q.5. How old was Evelyn ? when she went to the royal Academy of music, London?

- a. 17 years
- b. 14 years
- c. 15 years
- d. 10 years

Ans. A

Q.6. What was the name of Bismillah's Father ?

- a. Paigambar Bux
- b. Jaidgambar Bux
- c. Aurangzeb Bux
- d. Vijay Batt

Ans. A

Q.7. Who invented Shehnai ?

- a. Barbar
- b. Cobbler
- c. Musician
- d. Player

Ans. A

Q.8. Who was Ali bux ?

- a. Bismillah's father
- b. Bismillah's uncle
- c. Bismillah's cousin
- d. None of these

Ans. B

Q.9. When and where is Shehnai played ?

- a. In temples
- b. In wedding
- c. On auspicious occasions
- d. All the options are right

Ans. D

Q.10. Bismillah khan was called

- a. Khan Saab
- b. Bismillah Saab
- c. Kingsaab
- d. UStadsaab

Ans. A

Q.11. Bismillah khan was deeply attached to

- a. The Satluj
- b. The Ganga
- c. The Narmada
- d. The Gadwari

Ans. B

Q.12. When was Bismillah khan awarded the highest civilian award 'Bharat Ratna ?

- a. In 2001
- b. In 2002
- c. In 2003
- d. In 2000

Ans. A

Q.13. Which award was given to Bismillah Khan ?

- a. The Padma Vibhushan
- b. The Radma Bhushan
- c. The Bharat Ratna
- d. The Padmashri

Ans. C

Q.14. Where was Bismillan Khan born ?

- a. Varansi
- b. Prayag Raj
- c. Dumraon
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Lesson – 3 The little girl

Q.1. Who was Alice ?

- a. Teacher
- b. Cook
- c. Dancer
- d. Suiper

Ans. B

Q.2. What was the name of little girl ?

- a. Margie
- b. Kezia
- c. Marya
- d. Sapna

Ans. B

Q.3. What does Kezia father compare her to ?

- a. Cat
- b. Fox
- c. Sparrow
- d. Owl

Ans. D

Q.4. What gift did Kezia want to give to her father on his birthday ?

- a. A shirt
- b. A pin Cushion
- c. A pen
- d. A cigarette lighter

Ans. B

Q.5. How did Kezia feel when her father left for the office

- a. A sense of relief
- b. Lonely
- c. Unhappy
- d. Dispressed

Ans. A

Q.6. What was the name of the cook in Kezia's house ?

- a. Alicee
- b. Lucy
- c. Anne
- d. Alice

Ans. D

Q.7. Who tore up father's great speech ?

- a. Kezia
- b. Maria
- c. Aune
- d. Alice

Ans. A

Q.8. Who were the Madonalds

- a. Doctor
- b. Neighbour
- c. Scientist
- d. None of these

Ans. B

Q.9. Name of the writer of the lesson 'The Little Girl.'

- a. Katherine Mansfield
- b. Mulk Raj Anand
- c. Walt Whitman
- d. Maria Sharaparia

Ans. A

Q.10. How many Children did Mr. Macdonald have ?

- a. Three children
- b. Four
- c. Five
- d. Six

Ans. C

Q.12. In Kezia's view what type of a father was Mr. Macdonald

- a. Very cruel
- b. Bad
- c. Very good
- d. Not good

Ans. C

Lesson – 4 A Truly beautiful Mind

Q.1. Albert Einstein was one of the

- a. Doctor
- b. Scientist
- c. Engineer
- d. Teacher

Ans. B

Q.2. What did the playmates call Einstein ?

- a. Boring
- b. Brother boring
- c. Intelligent
- d. Good

Ans. B

Q.3. In what subject was Einstein much interested ?

- a. Physics
- b. Chemistry
- c. Mathematic
- d. None of these

Ans. A

Q.4. When did Einstein get Nobel prize ?

- a. 1922
- b. 1921
- c. 1923
- d. 1925

Ans. B

Q.5. At what age did Einstein learn to play violin ?

- a. Six
- b. Seven
- c. Nine
- d. Ten

Ans. A

Q.6. With whom did Einstein marry the second time ?

- a. Maria
- b. Elsa
- c. Elice
- d. Kezia

Ans. B

Q.7. When was Albert Einstein born ?

- a. 16 March 1879
- b. 20 March 1876
- c. 14 March 1879
- d. 20 March 1880

Ans. C

Q.8. What age did Albert leave the school

- a. 16 years
- b. At the age of 14
- c. At the age of 16
- d. At the age of 15

Ans. D

Q.9. Which country did Mileva Marie belong ?

- a. Australia
- b. Serbia
- c. U.K
- d. America

Ans. B

Q.10. Who did Einstein marry with ?

- a. Mileva Marie
- b. Maria Sharapova
- c. Alice
- d. Elizaba

Ans. A

Q.11. Which university did Albert Einstein get his degree ?

- a. Oxford
- b. Milan
- c. London
- d. Zurich

Ans D.

Lesson – 5 The Snake and the Mirror

Q.1. The narrator of the story . The snake and the Mirror lived in a ...

- a. a big own house
- b. small rented house
- c. government hotel
- d. temple

Ans. B

Q.2. Who shared the room with the narrator ?

- a. The snakes
- b. Rats
- c. Parents
- d. A friend of the narrator

Ans. B

Q.3. Which book did the narrator begin to read ?

- a. The Gita
- b. Ramyana
- c. Materia Media
- d. Indian of My Dream

Ans. C

Q.4. Name of the author of 'The Snake and Mirror .

- a. Katherine
- b. Vaikm Muhammad Basheer
- c. Katherine Maus
- d. None of these

Ans. b

Q.5. Who entered the narrator 's room in his absence ?

- a. A snake charmer
- b. Rats
- c. Thief
- d. The narratar's wife

Ans. C

Q.6. Why could the narrator not sleep ?

- a. Because of heat
- b. Hunger
- c. Pain in body
- d. Due cold

Ans. A

Q.7. Who narrated the story of the snake and the Mirror ?

- a. Homeopath
- b. A teacher
- c. A lawyer
- d. A painter

Ans. a

Q.8. Again came that noise from above actually who was making that sound ?

- a. The snake
- b. The rats
- c. The birds
- d. The insect

Ans. a

Q.9. I looked into the mirror and smile , says the doctor find out preposition.

- a. Looked
- b. Into
- c. And
- d. The

Ans. B

Q.10. Perhaps it wanted to enjoy its reflection at closer quarters find out the meaning of reflection.

- a. Sight
- b. Picture
- c. Image
- d. Selection

Ans. C

Q.11.What was V.H. Basheer and his friends discussing?

- a. Snakes
- b. Rat
- c. Thief
- d. Cats

Ans. a

Q.12. How would you describe the narrator's vest ?

- a. Of superior quality
- b. New one
- c. A dirty one
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Lesson – 6 My Childhood

Q.1. Where was Abdul Kalam born ?

- a. Mumbai
- b. Calcutta
- c. Rameswaram
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.2. Who were Abdul Kalam's close friends at school /

- a. Ramandha sastry
- b. Aravindan
- c. Sivaprakasan
- d. All of these

Ans. d

Q.3. What characteristics did he inherit from his parents ?

- a. Self discipline
- b. Deep Kindness
- c. Honesty
- d. All of the above

Ans. D

Q.4. Abdul Kalam lived with his parents in their ancestral house on the ---- in Ramesharam.

- a. Mosave Street
- b. Pant street
- c. Subhash Street
- d. None

Ans. a

Q.5. What was the name of Abdul Kalam's father ?

- a. Salman
- b. Jinulabdeen
- c. Muhammad Hussain
- d. None of these

Ans. b

Q.6. What thing did he use to collect ?

- a. Tamarind seeds
- b. Apple seed
- c. Orange seed
- d. None of these

Ans. a

Q.7. I had three close friends in my childhood –name of the chapter.

- a. Memories of childhood
- b. Last child
- c. My childhood
- d. All of these

Ans. C

Q.8. Name the three friends of Abdul Kalam .

- a. Ramanadha Sastry, Aravindan and Sivaprakasan
- b. Ramandadha Sastry , Raman and Sinaprakasan
- c. Mariathem sastry , Ramanadha sastry and siaprakasan
- d. None of these

Ans. A

Q.9. How old was Abdul Kalam when the second world war broke out ?

- a. Eight
- b. Six
- c. Five
- d. Ten

Ans. A

Q.10.....is the name of daily newspaper.

- a. Hindustan times
- b. Dinamani
- c. Times Today
- d. None of these

Ans. b

Q.11.Kalam Calls his father

- a. Sensitive
- b. Mysterious
- c. Austere
- d. Cranky

Ans.

Q.12. Find out the Meaning of disturbed.

- a. Perturbed
- b. Mysterious
- c. Sensitive
- d. None of these

Ans. A

Lesson- 7 Packing

Q.1. I was going to close it. (identify the tense)

- a. Past indefinite
- b. Past continuous tense
- c. Past perfect tense
- d. Past perfect continuous tense

Ans. B

Q.2. They started with breaking a cup. “ Identify the form of verb

- a. 1st
- b. 2nd
- c. 3rd
- d. None of these

Ans. B.

Q.3. They upset salt ...everything (fill preposition)

- a. On
- b. Of
- c. In
- d. Over

Ans. d

Q.4. So mysterious!” said Harris . (Identify type of sentence)

- a. Simple
- b. Complex
- c. Negative
- d. Exclamatory

Ans. d

Q.5. Who is the author of the lesson 'Packing'?

- a. Jerome
- b. George
- c. Harris
- d. None

Ans. A

Q.6. Who trod on the butter ?

- a. Jerome
- b. Montmorency
- c. George
- d. Harris

Ans. C

Q.7. The author forget to pack in the bag.

- a. Suitcare
- b. Boots
- c. Baskets
- d. Hampers

Ans. B

Q.8. Who started packing first of all ?

- a. George
- b. Harris
- c. The narrator
- d. Jeorme

Ans. C

Q.9. I was going to close it , a horrible idea occured to me . (What is the meaning of horrible in this sentence)

- a. Fearful
- b. Polite
- c. Thoughtful
- d. None of these

Ans. a

Q.10. How many characters are there in the narrative ?

- a. Four
- b. Six
- c. Five
- d. Seven

Ans. A

Q.11.What was the name of dog ?

- a. Jonny
- b. Tommy
- c. Montmorency
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.12. Who asked the narrator if he had packed the soap

- a. George
- b. John
- c. Jerome
- d. Harris

Ans. A

Lesson – 8 Reach for the top.

Q.1. Which country does Maria Sharapova belong to ?

- a. America b. Russia
c. Itlayd. Germany

Ans. B

Q.2. Maria Sharapova is a player of

- a. Hockey b. Cricket
c. Tennis d. Badminton

Ans. C

Q.3. Who was with Maria Sharapova during her trip to Florida ?

- a. Her father b. Her mother
c. Her brother d. Her sister

Ans. a

Q.4. When did Maria Sharapova win the wimbledon's women's singles final ?

- a. 2002 b. 2003
c. 2004 d. 2005

Ans. C

Q.5. Maria Sharapova got the world no one position in women's tennis on ...

- a. 20 August 2005 b. 22 August 2005
c. 20 August 2006 d. 22 August 2006

Ans. b

Q.6. The later was compelled to stay back in Siberia because of visa restrictions. (what is meaning of 'Compelled' ?)

- a. Forced to b. Unbounded
c. Politely d. None of these

Ans. A

Q.7. At sixteen, most of the girls in her village used to get married. (Recognize the underline word)

- a. Modal b. Preposition
c. Verb d. None of these

Ans. A

Q.8. The girl was given the name 'Santosh..... means contentment . (fill the blanks with apt. connector)

- a. What b. Which
c. Where d. None

Ans. b

Q.9. Santosh wentan expedition every year.

- a. On b. In
c. At d. None of these

Ans. a

Q.10. Where was Santosh Yadav born ?

- a. Joniyawas of Rewari district
b. Kariyawas of Rohtak District
c. Kalawas of Bhiwani District
d. None of these

Ans. A

Q.11. She was born in asociety .

- a. Modern b. Conservative
c. Both a and b d. None

Ans. B

Q.12. What did Santosh Yadav prefer to wear ?

- a. Jeans b. Shorts
c. Both a and b d. None

Ans. B

Q.13. Where did she enrolls herself for mountaineering training

- a. Nehru Institute b. Gandhi Institute
c. Pant Institute d. None

Ans. a

Q.14. When did Santosh Yadav scale Mt. Everest for first time ?

- a. In 1991 b. In1992
c. In1993 d. In1994

Ans. B

Q.15. The right moment came when she turned sixteen . Identify type of tense .

- a. Past Indefinite b. Present indefinite
c. Future indefinite d. None of these

Ans. a

Q.16. As destiny would have it , the blessing seemed to work. (write the meaning of destiny)

- a. Nature b. Luck
c. Thoughts d. Ideas

Ans. b

Q.17.would grudge her the riches she is now reaping.

- a. Few
- b. Little
- c. Much
- d. None of these

Ans. A

Q.18.They ordered her to clean the room (identify the form of verb)

- a. 1st
- b. 2nd
- c. 3rd
- d. None

Ans. b

Q.19.The senior would come in11p.m.

- a. at
- b. during
- c. to
- d. none

Ans. a

Q.20. I will play the Olympics for Russia (Identify type of tense)

- a. Future perfect tense
- b. Future perfect continuous
- c. Future indefinite
- d. Future continuous

Ans. C

Lesson 9 – The Bond of Love

Q.1. I had drained from the sump of the Studebaker . What is Studebaker ?

- a. An old American car
- b. An old American Bus
- c. An old American Bike
- d. None of these

Ans. a

Q.2. Baba was driven into a small cage and hoisted top of the car.

- a. At
- b. Above
- c. Below
- d. On

Ans. d.

Q.3. What's Barium Carbonate to a big black bear like me ? (Identify type of sentence)

- a. Simple
- b. Interrogative
- c. Negative
- d. None of these

Ans. B

Q.4. After some weeks of such advice she at last consented Give the equivalent word for consented.

- a. Agreed
- b. Disturbed
- c. Surprise
- d. None of the

Ans. A

Q.5. He was a kind hearted man and consented. Identity the underlined word.

- a. Conjunction
- b. Verb
- c. Gerund
- d. None of these

Ans. a

Q.6. Bruno soon took to drinking milka bottle.

- a. At
- b. Above
- c. From
- d. To

Ans. c

Q.7. Who was Bruno ?

- a. A pet dog
- b. A pet bear
- c. A pet cat
- d. None of these

Ans. b

Q.8. Who ate poison ?

- a. Rats
- b. Bruno
- c. Cats
- d. None of these

Ans. b

Q.9. Where did author find bear ?

- a. Near Mysore
- b. Near Kathmandu

- c. Near Giri fore
- d. None of these

Ans. A

Q.10. What did Bruno start to eat ?

- a. Vegetables
- b. Fruits
- c. Nuts
- d. All of these

Ans. B

Q.11. What new name was given to Bruno by the author's wife ?

- a. Kaka
- b. Baba
- c. Lala
- d. None of these

Ans. B

Q.12. The author brought barium carbonate to kill

- a. Rats
- b. Dogs
- c. Mice
- d. Both a and c

Ans. B

Lesson – 10

Q.1. The ----- of the accident was

- a. Cite , ghasly
- b. Site , ghostly
- c. Site ghostly
- d. Cite , ghostly

Ans. C

Q.2. Our schoolis very strict .

- a. Principle
- b. Principel
- c. Prrincipl
- d. Principal

Ans. D

Q.3.a bottle well before using the contents.

- a. Shake
- b. Sake
- c. Shape
- d. Shop

Ans. A

Q.4. You will soon stop being smart I 'll make you" Said the Intruder.

- a. Teacher
- b. Criminal
- c. Policeman
- d. Crawl

Ans. D

Q.5. Gerrard had been stolen by thein his childhood.

- a. Athief
- b. Gypsies
- c. Thieves
- d. A rogue

Ans. B

Q.6. What was the Christian name of Gerrard ?

- a. Vincent Charles
- b. Charles dickens
- c. Dougleas james
- d. Isaac Asimov

Ans. A

Q.7. Who entered in Gerrard's cottage ?

- a. A lady in red
- b. A teacher
- c. An intruder
- d. None of the above

Ans. c

Q.8. Gerrard saved himself by

- a. Killing the intruder
- b. Calling the police
- c. Imprisoning him in the cupboard
- d. None

Ans. C

Q.9. What was Gerrard ?

- a. A playwright
- b. A driver
- c. A policeman
- d. A soldier

Ans. A

Q.10.What was told about his speciality by the Intruder

- a. Jewel robbery
- b. Farming
- c. Writing plays
- d. Reading movels

Ans. a

Q.11.Gerrard was nowyears old

- a. Thirty nine
- b. Thirty two
- c. Forty two
- d. Twenty two

Ans. B

Q.12. The intruder said , “ Things went wrong and I killed a cop. “ What do you mean by cop ?

- a. Criminal
- b. Gerrard
- c. A policeman
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.13. With whom did Gerrard live ?

- a. His son
- b. His friend
- c. His wife
- d. Alone

Ans. D

Q.14. The intruder's plan was to

- a. To stay with Gerrard
- b. Kill Gerrard and disguise himself as Gerrard
- c. Rob Gerrard
- d. None of these

Ans. B

Q.15. What was the intruder already wanted for ?

- a. Robbery
- b. Theft
- c. Murder
- d. Kidnapping

Ans. C

Lesson – 11

Q.1. Once Toto enteredthe dinner room.

- a. In
- b. At
- c. To
- d. Into

Ans. D

Q.2. Toto's brian wa stuffed with number less

.....

- a. Techniques
- b. Mischiefs
- c. Plannings
- d. All of these

Ans. B

Q.3. Grandfather produced his ticket at the

- a. Railway platform
- b. Roundabout
- c. Railway turn stile
- d. Neogate

Ans. C

Q.4. Grand father gave Nana a slap across | her....

- a. Shonlder
- b. Haunches
- c. Back
- d. Neck

Ans. B

Q.5. Which part of the monkey added to its good look ?

- a. Face
- b. Legs
- c. Colour
- d. Tail

Ans. d

Q.6. Grandfather put Toto into ato take him along to Saharanpur

- a. Black leather bag
- b. Black canvas bag
- c. Place bag
- d. Cotton

Ans. B

Q.7. Toto was not the sort of pet we could keep for long. Who said these words.

- a. Author
- b. Toto
- c. Grandfather
- d. Grandmother

Ans. A

Q.8. Who threw a plate at grandmother ?

- a. Grandfather
- b. Nana
- c. Toto
- d. Grandmother

Ans. C

Q.9. From where did the grandfather buy Toto ?

- a. From a zoo
- b. Friend
- c. From a tonga driver
- d. From a truck

Ans. C

Q.10. For what sum was Toto sold ?

- a. Five rupees
- b. Ten rupees
- c. Eight Rupees
- d. Three rupees

Ans. D

Q.11. Where did the Tonga driver use to keep Toto ?

- a. Tied to a tree
- b. Tied to a feeding trough
- c. In a cage
- d. In the Zoo

Ans. b

Q.12. How did Toto's hand look ?

- a. Very thick and strong
- b. Very powerful
- c. Dried up
- d. None of these

Ans. c

Q.13. The ticket collector called Toto ...

- a. A tortoise
- b. A monkey
- c. A cat
- d. dog

Ans. D

Q.14. The ticket collector chargedrupees for Toto

- a. 3
- b. 5
- c. 7
- d. 21

Ans.

Q.15. Stable is a place whereare kept.

- a. Monkeys
- b. Horses
- c. Dogs
- d. Rabbits

Ans. B

Q.16. The author's family could not afforded the frequent loss of .

- a. Curtains
- b. Dishes
- c. Clothes
- d. All of these

Ans. D

Lesson – 12

Q.1. One night Mahendra woke up from his ...

- a. Bed
- b. Bad
- c. Copt
- d. Sleep

Ans.

Q.2. Hea cold sweat.

- a. Broke in
- b. Broke up
- c. Broke out into
- d. Broke up with

Ans.

Q.3. The story was narrated to

- a. Mahesh
- b. Ganesh
- c. Mahendra
- d. Iswaran

Ans.

Q.4. Mahendra's job was to keep an eye on

- a. The passers by
- b. The labourers
- c. The activities at the work site
- d. The activities of his servant Iswarn

Ans.

Q.5. The cook was quite attached to

- a. Mahendra
- b. Iswaran
- c. Ganesh
- d. His family

Ans. A

Q.6. Mahendra couldendless stories.

- a. Weave in
- b. Weave out
- c. Weave up
- d. None of these

Ans.

Q.7. Once Iswaran said , “ I will be back .

- a. After making bed
- b. After lighting the gas
- c. Neither a nor b
- d. Both a and b

Ans. B

Q.8. When the entry of the elephant in the market came to be known , all the people

- a. Gathered
- b. Disappeared
- c. Came out with weapons
- d. None of these

Ans. B

Q.9. One day a tusker escaped from the

- a. Jungle
- b. Circus
- c. Timber yard
- d. Zoo

Ans. C

Q.10. Who is mahout ?

- a. A cook
- b. A storyteller
- c. A writer

d. An elephnat's controller

Ans.D

**Q.11.The road was deserted and I was all alone
Chose the sentence type**

- a. Simple
- b. Complex
- c. Compound
- d. None of these

Ans.

Q.12. Who was Iswaran ?

- a. A storytailor
- b. A storyteller
- c. A storyteller
- d. A storytelor

Ans.

**Q.13.Mahendra was appointed on the post of
....in a firm.**

- a. Manager
- b. Assistant
- c. Supervisor
- d. None of these

Ans. C

**Q.14. Which art helped Iswaran to collapse the
beast ?**

- a. Indian Boxing
- b. American wrestling
- c. Japanese Ji – Jitsu
- d. India Jits

Ans. C

**Q.15.From where was Iswaran watching the
mad elephant ?**

- a. From a room
- b. From the capboard
- c. From a tree
- d. From the rooftop

Ans. D

**Q.16. Why did the people run helter skelter in
panic ?**

- a. To see the tiger
- b. To see the mad elephant
- c. To see a giant
- d. None of these

Ans. B

Q.17. What book did Iswaran read ?

- a. Tamil thrill
- b. Urdu stories
- c. Hindi novels
- d. Punjabi stories

Ans. A

**Q.18. Suddenly I spotted something that
looked like an enormous bushy beast . “
Which figure of speech has been used in
it.**

- a. Metaphor
- b. Simile
- c. Alliteration
- d. None of these

Ans. B

Lesson – 03

Q.1. It is believed that the fools are so dangerous that only very wise people can

- a. Escape them
- b. Avoid them
- c. Manage them
- d. Befriend them

Ans. C

Q.2. Guru realized that this was a kingdom of fools when they

- a. Were eating
- b. Were cooking
- c. Had cooked and eaten
- d. Buying supplies.

Ans. C

Q.3. The disciple stayed on , ate his fill with ...

- a. Rice and wheat
- b. Bananas and Ghee
- c. Both a and B
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.4. The king said , “ were you at home when the deadman ...

- a. Burgled in your house
- b. Burgled your house
- c. Burgled at your house
- d. Burgled away your house

Ans. D

Q.5. Before the king could order the execution the bricklayer

- a. Fainted
- b. Pleaded
- c. Took to his heels
- d. Accepted the

Ans. B

Q.6. One bright day , a thiefa house .

- a. Broke in
- b. Broke into
- c. Broke to
- d. Broke away

Ans. B

Q.7. The words , ' poor thing ' indicates.....

- a. Poor condition of the kingdom
- b. Dancing girl
- c. Poor quality of eatables available for one duddu
- d. None

Ans. B

Q.8. Their eyes fell on the disciple who had fattened ... banana , rice , wheat and ghee.

- a. On
- b. With
- c. By
- d. For

Ans. A

Q.9. The gold smith was searched by the king's

- a. Men
- b. Friends
- c. Bailiffs
- d. Servants

Ans. C

Q.10. We are sick of our a ascetic life . Here ascetic mean

- a. Poor
- b. Religious
- c. Separate
- d. Domestic

Ans. B

Q.11. The expression “ Made a mess “ means

- a. Toprepare food stuffs
- b. To spoil something
- c. To start a mess in some institution
- d. None of these

Ans. B

Q.12. What did the king and minister decide ...

- a. To change night into day
- b. To change day into night
- c. Neither a nor B
- d. Both a and b .

Ans. D

Lesson – 4

Q.1. Who called the prince 'The Happy Prince' ?

- a. His friends
- b. His courtiers
- c. His public
- d. His servants

Ans. B

Q.2. The happy Prince sent a ruby to the

- a. Match girl
- b. Seamstress
- c. The playwright
- d. Beggar

Ans. B

Q.3. Who made a note of the suggestion

- a. Town mayor
- b. Art professor
- c. Town clerk
- d. Some councils

Ans. C

Q.4. My,are fastened to this pedestal and I can not move.

- a. Feets
- b. Foots
- c. Foot
- d. Feet

Ans. D

Q.5. The fact is that the leaden heart had snapped in two. Make noun of the underlined word. (lead)

Q.6. As he is no longer beautiful no longer useful “ is said by

- a. Town clerk
- b. The mayor
- c. Art professor
- d. All councilors

Ans. C

Q.7. What are precious things in the story ?

- a. They are ruby and sapphires
- b. Leadon heart and dead swallow
- c. Pedestal and column
- d. His sword and ruby

Ans. B

Q.8. The fact is that the,had snapped right in two.

- a. Leaden heart
- b. Happy heart
- c. Tender heart
- d. Heavy hear

Ans. A

Q.9. The seamstress is

- a. Sweing clothes
- b. Embroidering flowers
- c. Painting flowers
- d. Heavy hear

Ans. B

Q.10. What made the Happy Prince cry ?

- a. His own poor condition
- b. Death of the swallow
- c. Ugliness and misery of the city
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.11. What would the Happy Prince do in Paradise ?

- a. Help the miserable
- b. Pity the poor
- c. Praise him for ever
- d. All of these

Ans. C

Lesson -5

Q.1. The cyclone in Orissa hit in

- a. October 1999
- b. Sept. 1999
- c. November 1999
- d. December 1999

Ans. A

Q.2. The cyclone hit Orissa afterfrom the death of Prashant's mother

- a. 7 days
- b. 10 years
- c. 7 years
- d. 2 days

Ans. C

Q.3. Prashant had gone to the headquarters of Ersama on

- a. 17 October 1999
- b. 20 October 1999
- c. 13 Oct. 1999
- d. 27 October 1998

Ans. D

Q.4. Erasama wasaway from Prashant's village.

- a. 20 Kilometres
- b. 350 km
- c. 18km
- d. 15km

Ans. C

Q.5. The cyclone killed ----of people and devastatedof villages.

- a. Thousands , hundreds
- b. Hundreds , thousands
- c. Thousands' , thousands
- d. Hundreds, Hundreds ,

Ans. A

Q.6. In the cyclone the velocity of the wind was.....

- a. 250 km per hour
- b. 350 km/hour
- c. 150km/hour
- d. 280 km/hour

Ans. B

Q.7. The name of Prashant's village was

- a. Ersama
- b. Kalipuram
- c. Kalikuda
- d. Kalia Kodia

Ans. C

Q.8. In the shelter the number of people was

-
- a. 2700
- b. 3000
- c. 1500
- d. 2500

Ans. D

Q.9. An . NGO started food for work programme. The underlined word means.

- a. New government organization
- b. Near Govt. Organisation
- c. Non Govt Organisation
- d. National Govt. Organisation

Ans. C

Q.10. Who gathered the empty utensils ?

- a. An NGO
- b. Red cross society
- c. The youth Task force
- d. Military force

Ans. C

Q.11. Where did Prashant's friend live ?

- a. Kalikuda
- b. Erasama
- c. Kalipuram
- d. Kalikudia

Ans. B

Q.12. Prashant , his friend and his friend's family spenton the roof.

- a. 2 days
- b. 4 days
- c. 2 years
- d. 6 monts

Ans. A

Q.13. Prashant found his family

- a. On the roof
- b. At Erasama
- c. At red cross shelter
- d. In Orissa

Ans. C

Lesson – 6

Q.1. Johnsy fell ill in

- a. January
- b. November
- c. October
- d. December

Ans.

Q.2. To check up Johnsy, the doctor came

- a. Once a day
- b. Twice a day
- c. Thrice a day
- d. None of these

Ans.

Q.3. After every hour Johnsy looked ...the window.

- a. Through
- b. Out of
- c. Into
- d. At

Ans. B

Q.4. Johnsy says , “ the last leaf has shown me how ...I have been.”

- a. Foolish
- b. Sensitive
- c. Wicked
- d. Gloomy

Ans.

Q.5. The doctor says , “ I amJohnsy will recover soon.

- a. Satisfied
- b. Aware
- c. Confident
- d. Confidant

Ans. C

Q.6. Sue and Behrmaninto the room.

- a. Tiptoed
- b. Rushed
- c. Crawled
- d. Dashed

Ans. A

Q.7. What is Johnsy's illness ?

- a. Typhoid
- b. Malaria
- c. Hey Tever
- d. Pneumonia

Ans. D

Q.8. Johnsy woke up next morning. In a feeble voice she asked Sue to draw ...

- a. Painting
- b. The cot
- c. Curtains
- d. Charis

Ans.

Q.9. She exclaimed , “ Look there is still one leaf on the

- a. Wall
- b. Tree
- c. Creeper
- d. All of the above

Ans. C

Q.10. Johnsyon the bed looking outside.

- a. Lay
- b. Laid
- c. Lied
- d. Lie

Ans. A

Q.11.If she doesn't want to live , medicines(not help) her.

- a. Would not help
- b. Will not help
- c. Do not help
- d. Doesn't help

Ans. B

Q.12. Mr. Behrman .pneumonia.

- a. Die for
- b. Die on
- c. Die of
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.13. Johnsylay in her bed without moving .

- a. Can
- b. Will
- c. Should
- d. Would

Ans. D

Lesson –7

Q.1. The story 'A house is not A Home ' reflects theof being a Teenager andof growing up.

- a. Problems , success
- b. Changes , problems.
- c. Challenges , problems
- d. Problems , Challenges

Ans. C

Q.2. ..make a house andmakes a home

- a. Walls , family
- b. Bricks , love
- c. Neither a or b
- d. Both a and b

Ans. D

Q.3. The author borrowed Tennis shoes from his ...

- a. Aunt
- b. Uncle
- c. Friend
- d. Mother

Ans. A

Q.4. Where did the author and his mother spend the night after five accident

- a. In the house of a neighbor
- b. In a restaurant
- c. In the house of grandparents
- d. In an inn.

Ans. C

Q.5. The fire accident took place on

- a. Saturday
- b. Sunday
- c. Monday
- d. Thursday

Ans. B

Q.6. What did the author not lose in the fire .

- a. His books
- b. His shoes
- c. Uniform
- d. Bicycle

Ans. D

Q.7. The author's mother broughtout of the burning house .

- a. A metal box full of important document
- b. His father's pictures
- c. Both a and b
- d. Neither a nor b

Ans. C

Q.8. At starting in new School the author felt

- a. Isolated
- b. Pleasure
- c. Excited
- d. All of these

Ans. A

Q.9. The author found his ...missing after fire accident.

- a. Mother
- b. Father
- c. Cat
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.10. How long did it take to blow out the fire on the author's home ?

- a. Three hours
- b. Five hours
- c. Eleven hours
- d. One day

Ans. B

Q.11.....caught the author when he was about to run after his mother in the burning house.

- a. A neighbor
- b. His grandfather
- c. A policeman
- d. A fireman

Ans. D

Q.12. The author's mothera little smoke.

- a. Saved
- b. Emerged
- c. Inhaled
- d. Stoked

Ans. C

Q.13. It took five hours tothe fire.

- a. Blow out
- b. Blow up
- c. Blow away
- d. None of these

Ans. A

Lesson – 9 The Accidental Tourist

Q.1. Who was Bill Bryson ?

- a. Author
- b. A frequent air traveler
- c. Both a and b
- d. Neither a nor b

Ans. C

Q.2. Bill Bryson wasduring his air travels.

- a. Uneasy
- b. Happy
- c. Easy
- d. In joyful mood

Ans. A

Q.3. What happened to Bill Bryson's finger ?

- a. Gashed
- b. Blood was shedding
- c. Neither a nor b
- d. Both a and b

Ans. D

Q.4. Bill Bryson was going towhen the zip of his carry on by gave way

- a. Africa
- b. Canada
- c. England
- d. Switzerland

Ans. C

Q.5. Bill Bryson leaned over in the plane toa shoelace.

- a. To untie
- b. To tie
- c. To pick up
- d. To collect
- e. Ans.B

Q.6. I managed to getfreed by clawing the leg of a man.

- a. My
- b. Mine
- c. I
- d. Myself
- e. Ans. D

Q.7. The author found himself in a crash position when heforeward to lie a shoelice.

- a. Bent
- b. Band
- c. Banded
- d. None of these
- e. Ans. A

Q.8. His pen leaked while heit.

- a. Hand sucked
- b. Is sucking
- c. Was sucking
- d. Had been sucking

Ans. C

Q.9. ...came out of the bag when the Zip gave way ?

- a. Passport
- b. English money
- c. 14 Ounce of pipe tobacco
- d. All of these

Ans. D

Q.10. The author traveled a lot by air , was he entitled to any free air miles ?

- a. Yes
- b. No
- c. Many times
- d. Twice

Ans. B

Lesson -10

Q.1. A person who lives by begging for food and money is called ...

- a. Begar b. Begger
- c. Beggar d. Beger

Ans. C

Q.2. The name of the beggar was ...

- a. Sergei b. Lushkoff
- c. Olga d. None of these

Ans. B

Q.3. Lushkoff used to

- a. Drink b. Tell lies
- c. Neither a nor b d. Both a and b

Ans. D

Q.4. Lushkoff told sergei that he was a

- a. Teacher b. Student
- c. Both a and b d. Neither a or b

Ans. C

Q.5. The writer had seen Lushkoff earlier in.

- a. A theatre b. Kalooga ara
- c. Sadovya Street d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.6. What work did Lushkoff do in his earlier life ?

- a. Teach in a school b. Read in a school
- c. Sung in a Russian Choir
- d.

Ans.

Q.7. What work was given to Lushkoff by Sergei ?

- a. To cook food for him
- b. To chop wood
- c. To watch his hame
- d. All of these

Ans. B

Q.8. The work of cooking food for sergei was done by

- a. Olga b. Lushkoff
- c. Sergei's wife d. Sergei himself

Ans. D

Q.9. Who was Olga ?

- a. A beggar b. An advocate
- c. Sergei's cook d. A wood chopper

Ans. C

Q.10. Lushkoffchop woods for Sergei.

- a. Will b. Shall
- c. Should d. Would

Ans. D

Q.11. Who would chop the wood for the beggar ?

- a. Beggar him self b. Olga
- c. Sergei d. His wife

Ans. B

Q.12. What did Lushkoff become later ?

- a. A notary b. An advocate
- c. A cook d. Singer

Ans. A

Q.13. Sergei called Lushkoff his

- a. Grandson b. Son
- c. Brother d. Godson

Ans. D

Q.14. Olga was Sergei's

- a. Man servant b. Maid servant
- c. Teacher d. None

Ans. B

Q.15. What was Sergei's profession ?

- a. An advocate b. A beggar
- c. A cook d. A teacher

Ans. A

9 TH Poem The Road Not taken

Q.1. .

- | | |
|------------|----------|
| a. India | Indian |
| b. Japan | Japanese |
| c. China | Chinese |
| d. America | |

Ans. American

Q.2. .

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| a. Serve | Service |
| b. Collect | Collection |
| c. Select | Selection |
| d. Chose | ? |

Ans. Choice

Q.3. Robert frost writes

- | | |
|-----------|---------|
| a. Simple | b. Easy |
| c. Simply | d. Neat |

Ans. C

Q.4. In which season the wood turns yellow ?

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| a. Rainy | b. Winter |
| c. Summer | d. Autumn |

Ans. D

Q.5. Write past Tense of Bend

- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| a. Bent | b. Bended |
| c. Bented | d. Bendedd |

Ans. A

Q.6. The antonym of the word worse will be

- | | |
|-----------|---------|
| a. Good | b. Bad |
| c. Better | d. Best |

Ans. C

Q.7. The Poem ' The Road Not Taken is about

....

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| a. Making fun | b. Making choice |
| c. Both a and b | d. Neither A nor B |

Ans. B

Q.8. The poet was sorry because

- He could travel both roads
- He could travel America
- He could not travel both roads
- He could travel foreign

Ans. C

Q.9. Which road had the poet chosen to travel ?

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| a. Less travelled | b. More travelled |
| c. None | d. Both A and B |

Ans .A

Q.10.What did the poet do at the place where two roads diverged ?

- | | |
|---------------|------------|
| a. Wept | b. Laughed |
| c. Stood long | d. None |

Ans. C

Q.11.....Choices made by the poet had made all the differences in his life

- | | |
|---------|----------|
| a. Rong | b. Right |
| c. Good | d. Wrong |

Ans. D

Q.12. Main idea of the poem ' The Road Not Taken is to do some thing

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| a. Different | b. Special |
| c. None of the two | d. Both A and B |

Ans. D

Poem – 2 Wind . Subramaina Bharti

Q.1. The tree on the mountain takes whatever the weather brings. If it has any choice at all , it is in putting down roots as deeply as possible “ is by

- a. Robert Frost b. Corrie Ten Boom
c. Subramania Bharati d. Jawaharlal Nehru

Ans. B

Q.2. Wind throws down the books on the

- a. Self b. Selves
c. Shelves d. Shelf

Ans. D

Q.3. Wind broughtagain.

- a. Ran b. Run
c. Rain d. Race

Ans. C

Q.4. The wind comes softly . What part of speech has been used in the underlined word ?

- a. Noun b. Adjective
c. Verb d. Adverb

Ans. D

Q.5. What ruins does the wind cause ?

- a. Breaks the shutters of the windows
b. Scatters the papers
c. Throws down the books on the shelf
d. All of above

Ans. D

Q.6. Full form of 'Let's ' is

- a. Let use b. Let us
c. Let is d. Let we

Ans. B

Q.7. To make the wind our friend we need to

- a. Practise to firm the body
b. Make the heart strong

Q.8. .

- i. Book Books
ii. Body Bodies
iii. Door Doors
iv. Life ?

Ans. Lives

Q.9. The windweak fires.

- a. Blow b. Blow up
c. Blow off d. Blow over

Ans. C

Q.10. Make noun of the verb practise

- a. Practised b. Practise
c. Practice d. Practic

Ans. C

Lesson. 1 The Fun they Had (Isaac Asimov)

Q.1. The story ' The fun they had ' is set in

- a. Past
- b. Present
- c. Future
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.2. Margie wrote about schools of the future in her

- a. Diary
- b. Dairy
- c. Note book
- d. None of the above

Ans. A

Q.3. The page on which Margie wrote "Today Tommy found a real book " headed

- a. 14 July 2157
- b. 17 March 2057
- c. 17 May 2057
- d. 17 May 2157

Ans. D

Q.4. They turned the pages , which were yellow and crinkly . Here the meaning of the underlined word is

- a. Neat and clean
- b. White
- c. With many folds or lines
- d. Both A and B

Ans. C

Q.5. A space just below the roof used as a storeroom is called

- a. A cupboard
- b. An attic
- c. A drawer
- d. A shelf

Ans. B

Q.6. The book has the same words on it that it hadwhen they read it the first time.

- a. Have
- b. Has
- c. Had
- d. All of the above

Ans. C

Q.7. Now Margie is eleven and Tommy is thirteen . What will be the difference between their age after five years.

- a. 5 years
- b. 7 years
- c. 2 years
- d. 24 years

Ans. C

Q.8. Margie was scornful " School " ? It shows herto school.

- a. Hate
- b. Attraction
- c. Love
- d. None of above

Ans. A

Q.9. A mechanical teacher is one who

- a. Teachers about machines
- b. Teaches like machines
- c. Both a and b
- d. None of the above

Ans. B

Q.10. The part Margie hated the most was the slot where sheput homework and test papers .

- a. Has to
- b. Have to
- c. Had
- d. Had to

Ans. D

Q.11. Margie wenther room which was

- a. In , next
- b. Into , nearest
- c. In , near
- d. Into , next

Ans. D

Q.12. When Margie went into her school room the lesson ofwas going on.

- a. Geography
- b. Arithmetic
- c. English
- d. Science

Ans. B

Q.13. All the kids from the wholecame there .

- a. Neighbor
- b. Childhood
- c. Girlhood
- d. Neighborhood

Ans. D

L.1 The Lost Child (Mulk Raj Anand)

Q.1. In ' The Lost child' the word lost is used as .

- a. A noun
- b. An adjective
- c. A verb
- d. An Adverb

Ans. B

Q.2. What is this picture about ?

- a. Fare
- b. Fair
- c. Dace party
- d. None of the above

Ans. B

Q.3. His father looked at him ' redehyed' the meaning of the underlined word is.....

- a. Eggerly
- b. Lovingly
- c. Happily
- d. Angrily

Ans. D

Q.4. One who exercises unlawful authority is called

- a. Lawyer
- b. An author
- c. A tyrant
- d. A democrate

Ans. C

Q.5. A group of dragon files was bustling about on their gaudy purple wings. Here the word ' flies is used as

- a. A noun
- b. A pronoun
- c. A verb
- d. An adverb

Ans. A

Q.6. A bird flies in the sky . What part of speech has been used in the underlined word .

- a. Connector
- b. Verb
- c. Adverb
- d. None

Ans. B

Q.7. Which of the following is an oil crop ?

- a. Wheat
- b. Gram
- c. Rice
- d. Mustard

Ans. D

Q.8. His mouth ----for the burfi that was his favourite sweet ,

- a. Milked
- b. Oiled
- c. Watered
- d. None of these

Ans. C

Q.9. The child could see many footpaths full of throngs , converging to the whirlpool of the fair . Find out the synonyms of word 'Crowds'

- a. Whirlpool
- b. Throngs
- c. Converging
- d. Fair

Ans. B

Q.10.The science of the construction of building is known as

- a. Agriculture
- b. Horticulture
- c. Builders
- d. Architecture

Ans. D

Q.11.He is old. He can not play with such toys.

The simple sentence of these will be

- a. He is either old or play with such toys
- b. He is neither old nor playu with such toys
- c. He is too old to play with such toys.
- d. None of the above

Ans. C

Q.12. The child ran Hither and Thither to look after his parents. The meaning of the underlined word is

- a. To and fro
- b. Here and there
- c. Neither A nor B
- d. Both a and B

Ans. D

Q.13. Find out the different word

- a. Men
- b. Women
- c. Children
- d. Baby

Ans. D

Q.14. The man tried to soothe the child by asking him , “ Will you have a ride on the

- a. Elephant
- b. Horse
- c. Camel
- d. None of the above

Ans. D

Q.15. The child sobbed again and again saying. “ I want my mother , I want my father ? it shows his

- a. Hate to his parents
- b. Affection to his father
- c. Hate to his father
- d. Affection to his parents

Ans. D